Listing of the Claims:

The following is a complete listing of all the claims in the application, with an indication of the status of each:

1-2. Canceled

3. (Currently amended). A systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system which automatically adjusts information content, structure, and or presentation to an individual user comprising the steps of:

modeling information-seeking interaction sequences with the information system wherein each interaction sequence denotes a possible dialog between the user and the information system, wherein a dialog in the step of modeling is a task-oriented information-seeking activity involving a list of information-seeking aspects comprising structural aspects specified by the user and terminal aspects as responses by the information system to the specified structural aspects;

programmatically representing the interaction sequences in a computer program, wherein the interaction sequences can be initiated by the user out-of-turn, wherein programmatically representing includes the steps of:

defining a program variable for each structural aspect, called structural variables;

defining a program variable for each terminal aspect, called terminal variables;

organizing the set of interaction sequences in terms of conditional elements on structural variables using constructs provided in a programming language;

declaring all structural variables to be parameters in the program; and if an interaction sequence produces values for terminal aspects, assigning values for respective terminal variables in corresponding programmatic representation;

creating a personalization system by partial evaluation of the computer program to produce a simplified program; and

generating a personalized information space for the user interface from the simplified program, and wherein the generating step includes the steps of:

defining a program variable for each structural aspect, called structural variables;

defining a program variable for each terminal aspect, called terminal variables;

organizing the set of interaction sequences in terms of conditional elements on structural variables, using constructs provided in a programming language;

declaring all structural variables to be parameters in the program; and if an interaction sequence produces values for terminal aspects, assigning values for respective terminal variables in corresponding programmatic representation.

- 4. (previously presented) The systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system recited in claim 3, further comprising the step of compacting interaction sequences to determine a new set of interaction sequences having fewer states prior to the step of programmatically representing the interaction sequences in a computer program.
- 5. (previously presented) The systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system recited in claim 3, wherein the step of creating a personalization system by partial evaluation of the computer program uses a source-to-source transformation engine that simplifies the computer program for static values of some program variables.
- 6. (previously presented) The systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system recited in claim 3, wherein the step of generating a personalized information space for the user in a user interface is performed by mapping from the simplified program to the information space, in terms of a technology corresponding to the information system.

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- 7. (previously presented) The systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system recited in claim 3, wherein the information-seeking interaction of the user is by means of a browser.
- 8. (Original) The systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system recited in claim 7, wherein the user interface is a browser window displaying an information space and a partial input specification window for facilitating user interaction.
- 9. (Original) The systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system recited in claim 7, wherein the browser supports a browsing hierarchy, said step of modeling being performed using a nested programmatic model.
- 10. (Original) The systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system recited in claim 7, wherein the user interface comprises two windows, a first window allowing the user to proceed with an interaction along the lines initiated by the information system and a second window allowing the user to take an initiative and personalize the interaction by specifying some aspect out-of-turn.
- 11. (previously presented) The systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system recited in claim 3, wherein the user can specify any aspect out-of-turn, further comprising the step of partially evaluating the program with respect to values for structural program variables.
- 12. (previously presented) The systematic modeling methodology for information personalization in an information system recited in claim 3, further comprising the steps of:

when a user specifies information-seeking aspects, representing the information-seeking aspects as values for structural program variables;

performing a partial evaluation with respect to the structural program variables; and

converting a resulting program back to the information space.